



**2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11g 54Mbps  
Wireless LAN 2-WAY Access Point**

**GW-AP54SP**

**PLANEX COMMUNICATIONS INC.**

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# Chapter 1 Introduction

This is an IEEE802.11b/g compliant 11 Mbps & 54 Mbps Ethernet Wireless Access Point. The Wireless Access Point is equipped with two 10/100M Auto-sensing Ethernet ports for connecting to LAN and also for cascading to next Wireless Access Point.

This Access Point provides 64/128bit WEP encryption, WPA and IEEE802.1x which ensures a high level of security to protect users' data and privacy. The MAC Address filter prevents the unauthorized MAC Addresses from accessing your Wireless LAN. Your network security is therefore double assured.

The web-based management utility is provided for easy configuration that your wireless network connection is ensured to be always solid and hassle free.

## 1.1 Features

- Two LAN ports for Wireless AP cascade
- Support WPA
- Support AP client mode
- Support WDS for bridge mode
- Support data rate automatic fallback
- Automatic channel selection
- Client access control
- Support 802.1x/Radius client with EAP-TLS, TKIP, AES encryption
- Support IAPP
- Adjustable Tx power, Tx rate, and SSID broadcast
- Allow WEP 64/128 bit
- Web redirection for unauthorized clients
- Web interface management
- Support System event log and statistics
- MAC filtering (For wireless only)
- Support DHCP client or server
- Surround Sites Survey

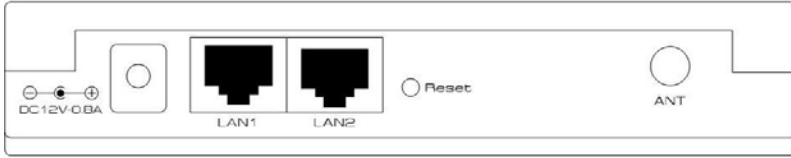
## 1.2 Parts Names and Functions

### 1. Front Panel: (LED Indicators)



LED Indicator	Color	Status	
		Solid	Flashing
Power	Green	Turns solid green when power is applied to this device.	N/A.
Status	Red	Turns solid red when the device is booting, after boot successfully, the light turn off.	
Link/Act.	Green	Turns solid green when connected and associated to at least a client station.	Receiving/ Sending data
WEP/WPA	Orange	Turns solid orange when wireless security is enabled.	N/A
MAC Ctrl	Orange	Turns solid orange when MAC Control is enabled.	N/A
Bridge	Orange	Turn solid orange when WDS is enabled.	N/A
LAN 1	Green	Turns solid green when linked to a local network.	Receiving/ Sending data
LAN 2			

## 2. Rear Panel: Connection Ports



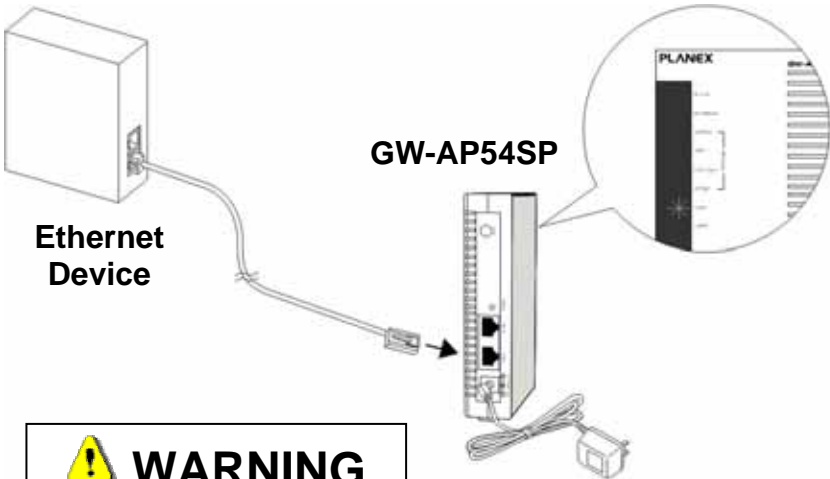
Port/button	Functions
<b>12V DC</b>	Connects the power adapter plug
<b>LAN1</b>	Connects to Ethernet
<b>LAN2</b>	Connects to Ethernet
<b>(Factory) Reset</b>	Press over 3 seconds to reboot this device. Press for over 10 seconds to restore factory settings. Performing the Factory Reset will erase all previously entered device settings.

## 1.3 Factory Default Settings

Setting	Wireless Access Point
Device Name	<b>GW-AP54SP</b>
SSID	<b>planexuser</b>
Channel	Default value: <b>Auto</b>
WEP	Default value: <b>Disabled</b>
IP Address	<b>192.168.1.100</b>

# Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

1. Select the Site – Choose a location for your Wireless Access Point. Usually, the best location is at the center of your wireless coverage area, if possible within line-of-sight of all wireless devices.
2. Place the Wireless Access Point in a position that gives it maximum coverage. Normally, the higher you place the antenna, the better the performance.
3. Position the antennas in the desired positions.
4. Connect the Ethernet cable – The GW-AP54SP can be wired to an Ethernet network through an Ethernet device such as a hub or a switch using UTP Ethernet cable and an RJ-45 connector. Use either straight through or crossover cabling depending on the port type provided by the Ethernet device.
5. Connect the power cable – Connect the power adapter cable to the 12V DC power socket on the rear panel.



**! WARNING**  
Do not use a power AC adapter other than the one supplied with the product.

## Chapter 3 About the Operation Modes

This device provides four operational applications with **Access Point, Bridge, Client (Ad-hoc) and Client (Infrastructure)** modes, which are mutually exclusive.

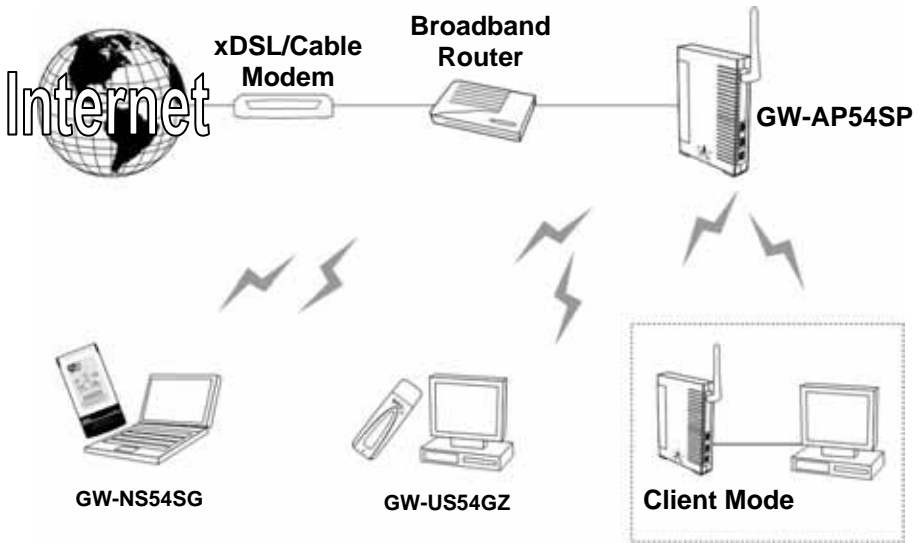
This device is shipped with configuration that is functional right out of the box. If you want to change the settings in order to perform more advanced configuration or even change the mode of operation, you can use the web-based utility provided by the manufacturer as described in the following sections.

### 3.1 Access Point Mode

When acting as an access point, this device connects all the stations (PC/notebook with wireless network adapter) to a wired network. All stations can have the Internet access if only the Access Point has the Internet connection.

See the sample application below.

To set the operation mode to **Access Point**, please go to **Wireless → Basic Settings**, in the **Mode** field click the down arrow ▼ to select AP mode.



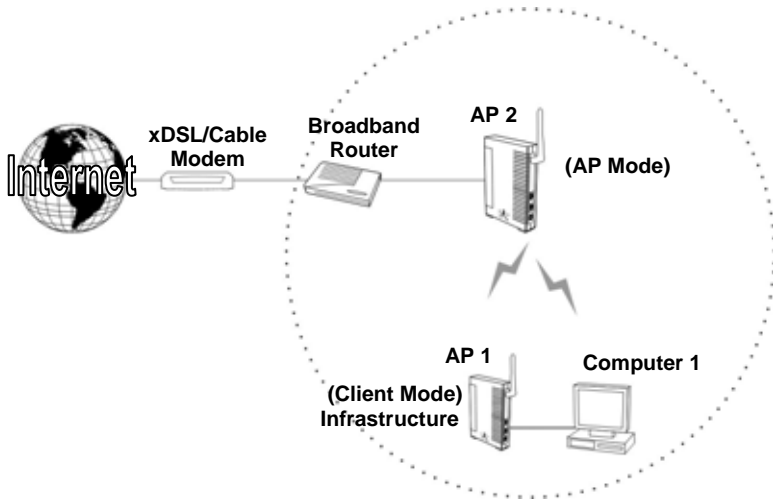
### 3.2 Client Mode (Infrastructure)

If set to Client (Infrastructure) mode, this device can work like a wireless station when it's connected to a computer so that the computer can send packets from wired end to wireless interface.

Refer to the illustration below. This station (AP1 plus the connected computer 1) can associate to another Access Point (AP2), and then can have the Internet access if the other Access Point (AP2) has the Internet connection.

To set the operation mode to **Client (Infrastructure)**, please go to **Wireless → Basic Settings**, in the **Mode** field click the down arrow ▼ to select **Client** mode, and then select **Network Type** as **Infrastructure**.



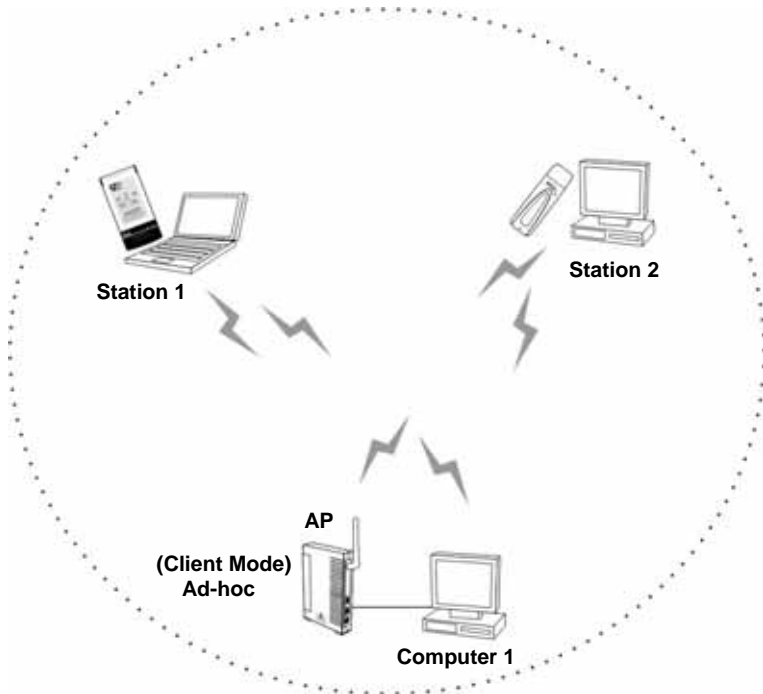


### 3.3 Client Mode (Ad-hoc)

If set to the Client (Ad-hoc) mode, this device can work like a wireless station when it is connected to a computer so that the computer can send packets from wired end to wireless interface. You can share files and printers between wireless stations (PC and laptop with wireless network adapter installed).

See the sample application below.

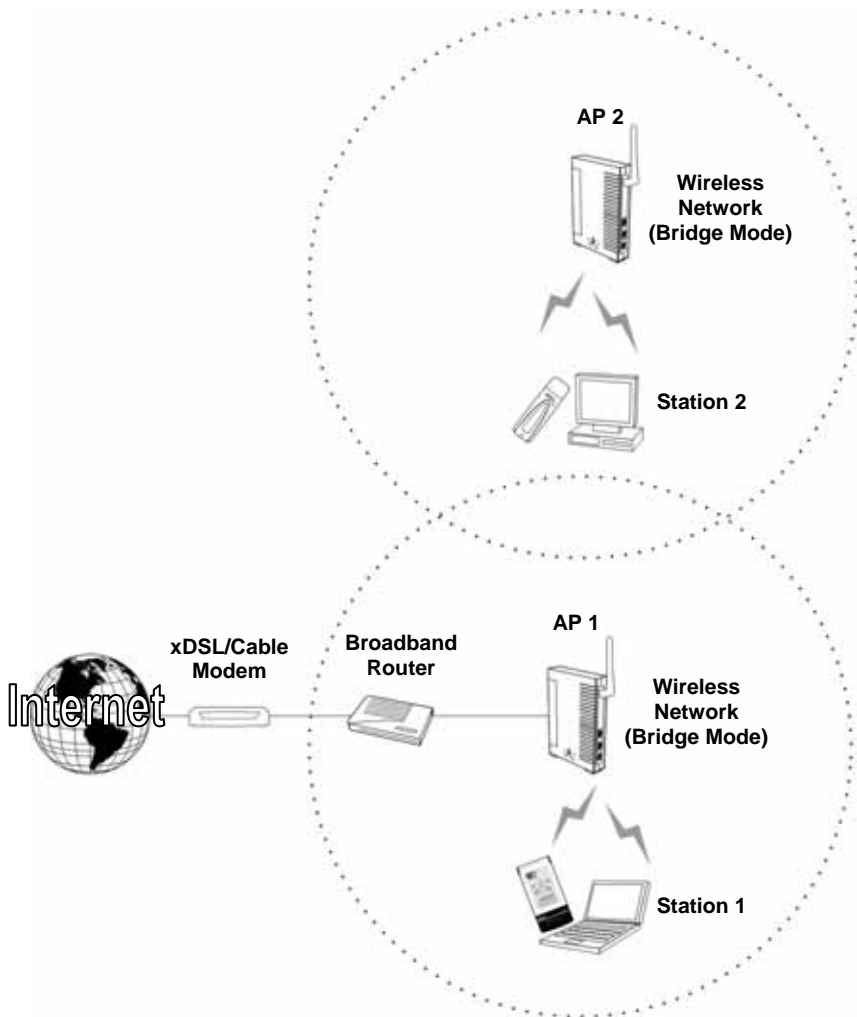
To set the operation mode to **Client (Ad-hoc)**, please go to **Wireless → Basic Settings**, in the **Mode** field click the down arrow ▼ to select **Client** mode, and then select Network Type as **Ad-hoc**.



### 3.4 WDS Bridge Mode (Repeater Mode)

The WDS (Wireless Distributed System) function let this access point acts as a wireless LAN access point and repeater at the same time. Users can use this feature to build up a large wireless network in a large space like airports, hotels and schools ...etc. This feature is also useful when users want to bridge networks between buildings where it is impossible to deploy network cable connections between these buildings.

Refer to the illustration below. While acting as Bridges, AP1 (with Station 1 being associated to) and AP2 (with Station 2 being associated) can communicate with each other through wireless interface (with WDS). Thus Station 1 can communicate with Station 2 and both Station 1 and Station 2 are able to access the Internet if only AP1 or AP2 has the Internet connection.



To set the operation mode to **Bridge**, please go to **Wireless → Basic Settings**, in the **Mode** field click the down arrow ▼ to select **AP** mode. And go to **Wireless → WDS Settings** to enable **WDS**.

Note: To act as Bridge, both AP1 and AP2 must have WDS enabled and add each other as its WDS Access Point. (e.g. Add AP2's MAC address to AP1's WDS AP List and vice versa)

# Chapter 4 Configurations

## 4.1 Fixed IP Addresses Configuration for Management PC

### 4.1.1 For Windows 98SE/ME

1. Click **Start/Settings/Control Panel**.
2. Double-click the Network icon. Highlight the TCP/IP line that has been assigned to your network card on the **Configuration** tab of the Network window.
3. Click the **Properties** button.
4. Select **Specify an IP address** and enter **192.168.1.\*\*\*** in the **IP address** location (where \*\*\* is a number between 1 and 254 without 100), and the default **Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0**. Note that no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address.

### 4.1.2 For Windows 2000

1. Click the **Start** button and choose **Settings**, then click **Control Panel**.
2. Double click the **Network and Dial-up Connections** icon, then **Local Area Connection** icon, and press the **Properties** button in the **General** tab.
3. Select the TCP/IP line that has been assigned to your network card in the **Local Area Connection Properties** window.
4. Click the **Properties** button to set the TCP/IP protocol for the management PC.
5. Select **Use the following IP address** and enter **192.168.1.\*\*\*** in the **IP address** location (where \*\*\* is a number between 1 and 254 without 100), and the default **Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0**. Note that no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address.

### 4.1.3 For Windows XP

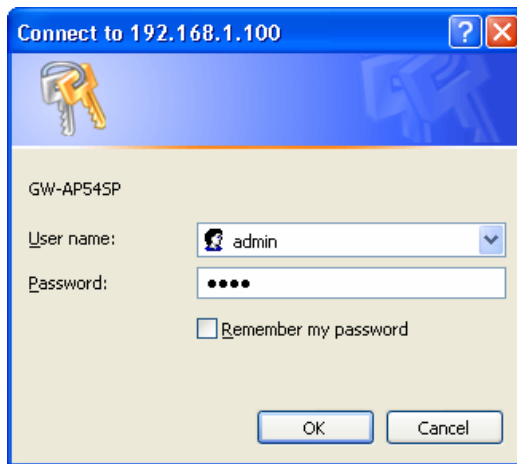
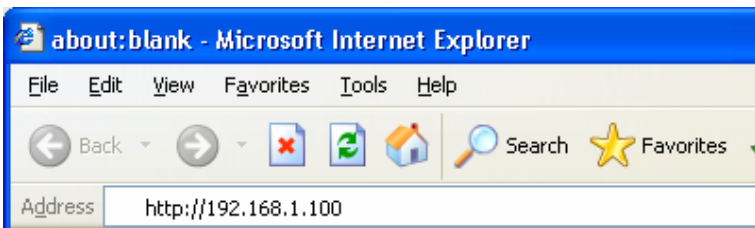
1. Click the **Start** button and choose **Control Panel**.
2. Select the **Network and Internet Connections** icon, then click the **Network Connections** icon, and double click on the **LAN or High-Speed Internet**.
3. Press the **Properties** button in the **General** tab.
4. Select the TCP/IP line that has been assigned to your network card in the **Local Area Connection Properties** window.
5. Click the **Properties** button to set the TCP/IP protocol for the management PC.
6. Select **Use the following IP address** and enter **192.168.1.\*\*\*** in the **IP**

**address** location (where \*\*\* is a number between 1 and 254 without 100), and the default **Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0**. Note that no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address.

## 4.2 Login

Your GW-AP54SP is designed to use a Web-based User Interface for configuration. Open your web browser and type <http://192.168.1.100> in the browser's address box. This address is the factory set IP Address of your GW-AP54SP. Press **Enter**.

The Login Screen will appear. Type the **admin** (default user name) in the User name field. Type the **0000** (default password) in the Password field. Click **OK**.



The configuration menu is divided into four categories: **Status**, **Wireless**, **TCP/IP**, and **Other settings**. Click on the desired setup item to expand the page in the main navigation page. The setup pages covered in this utility are described below.

## 4.3 Status

In this screen, you can see the current settings and status of this Access Point. You can change settings by selecting specific tab described in below.

### 4.3.1 System

Access Point Status	
<b>System</b>	
Uptime	0day:0h:24m:37s
Firmware Version	v2.2.1.4.9eu
<b>Wireless Configuration</b>	
Wireless Mode	AP
SSID	planexuser
Channel Number	13
Encryption	Disabled
Associated Clients	0
BSSID	00:e0:98:50:41:5e
<b>TCP/IP Configuration</b>	
IP Protocol	Fixed IP
br0 IP Address	192.168.1.100
br0 Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
br0 Default Gateway	192.168.1.1
br0 MAC Address	00:e0:98:50:41:5c

System	
Uptime	The time period since the device was up.
Firmware Version	The current version of the firmware installed in this device.
Wireless Configuration	
Wireless Mode	There are four modes supported, <b>Access Point, Client (Ad-hoc and Infrastructure), and Bridge</b> . The default mode is <b>Access Point</b> . If you want to change to <b>bridge</b> mode, please go to <b>Wireless/WDS Setting</b> to enable the WDS function.
SSID	The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another, therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32

	characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.
<b>Channel Number</b>	The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
<b>Encryption</b>	WEP Encryption (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is set to <b>Disabled</b> by default. When WEP is enabled, data packet is encrypted before being transmitted. The WEP prevents data packets from being eavesdropped by unrelated people. By using WEP data encryption, there may be a significant degradation of the data throughput on the wireless link.
<b>Associated Clients</b>	Displays the total number of clients associated to this AP. You can have up to 64 clients to associate to this Access Point.
<b>BSSID</b>	<b>BSSID</b> displays the ID of current BSS, which uniquely identifies each BSS. In AP mode, this value is the MAC address of this Access Point.
<b>TCP/IP Configuration</b>	
<b>IP Protocol</b>	Display the method to get the IP of this AP, which could be obtained by Fixed-IP or DHCP-client.
<b>br0 IP Address</b>	Current IP address for this Access Point
<b>br0 Subnet Mask</b>	Current Subnet mask for this Access Point
<b>br0 Default Gateway</b>	Default Gateway for this Access Point
<b>br0 MAC Address</b>	The MAC Address for this Access Point

### 4.3.2 Statistics

The Statistics table shows the packets sent/received over wireless and ethernet LAN respectively.

Statistics		
<b>Wireless LAN</b>	<i>Sent Packets</i>	1631
	<i>Received Packets</i>	38719
<b>Ethernet LAN</b>	<i>Sent Packets</i>	212
	<i>Received Packets</i>	760

## 4.4 Wireless

### 4.4.1 Basic Settings

This page includes all primary and major parameters. Any parameter change will cause the device to reboot for the new settings to take effect.

### Wireless Basic Settings

---

**Disable Wireless LAN Interface**

**Band:**

**Mode:**

**Network Type:**

**SSID:**

**Channel Number:**

**Enable Mac Clone (Single Ethernet Client)**

<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Disable Wireless LAN Interface</b>	Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
<b>Band</b>	You can choose one mode of the following you need. ◎ 2.4GHz <b>(B)</b> : 802.11b supported rate only. ◎ 2.4GHz <b>(G)</b> : 802.11g supported rate only. ◎ 2.4GHz <b>(B+G)</b> : 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate. The default is <b>2.4GHz (B+G)</b> mode.
<b>Mode</b>	This Wireless Access Point can support four modes <b>AP, Client, Bridge and Repeater</b> . (Refer to page 7-11 for detailed information)
<b>Network Type</b>	When in <b>Client</b> mode, you can select between <b>Ad-Hoc</b> and <b>Infrastructure</b> .
<b>SSID</b>	The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another,



	therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.
<b>Channel Number</b>	Allow user to set the channel <b>manually</b> or <b>automatically</b> . If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If <b>Auto</b> is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Enable Mac Clone (Single Ethernet Client)</b>	If your ISP restricts service to PCs only, use the MAC Clone feature to copy a PC Media Access Control (MAC) address to your router. This procedure will cause the router to appear as a single PC, while allowing online access to multiple computers on your network.
<b>Apply Changes</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.

#### 4.4.2 Advanced Settings

It is not recommended that settings in this page to be changed unless advanced users want to change to meet their wireless environment for optimal performance

## Wireless Advanced Settings

**Authentication Type:**  Open System  Shared Key  Auto

**Fragment Threshold:**  (256-2346)

**RTS Threshold:**  (0-2347)

**Beacon Interval:**  (20-1024 ms)

**Data Rate:**  ▼

**Preamble Type:**  Long Preamble  Short Preamble

**Broadcast SSID:**  Enabled  Disabled

**IAPP:**  Enabled  Disabled

**802.11g Protection:**  Enabled  Disabled

Apply Changes

Reset

### Authentication Type

To provide a certain level of security, the IEEE 802.11 standard has defined two types of authentication methods, Open System and Shared Key. With Open System authentication, a wireless PC can join any network and receive any messages that are not encrypted. With Shared Key authentication, only those PCs that possess the correct authentication key can join the network. By default, IEEE 802.11 wireless devices operate in an Open System network.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption is used when the wireless devices are configured to operate in Shared Key authentication mode.

If the Access Point is using **Open System**, then the wireless adapter will need to be set to the same authentication mode.

**Shared Key** is used when both the sender and the recipient share a secret key.

Select **Auto** for the network adapter to select the

	Authentication mode automatically depending on the Access Point Authentication mode.
<b>Fragment Threshold</b>	Fragmentation mechanism is used for improving the efficiency when high traffic flows along in the wireless network. If your 802.11g Wireless LAN PC Card often transmit large files in wireless network, you can enter new Fragment Threshold value to split the packet. The value can be set from 256 to 2346. The default value is <b>2346</b> .
<b>RTS Threshold</b>	<p>RTS Threshold is a mechanism implemented to prevent the <b>Hidden Node</b> problem. <b>Hidden Node</b> is a situation in which two stations are within range of the same Access Point, but are not within range of each other. Therefore, they are hidden nodes for each other. When a station starts data transmission with the Access Point, it might not notice that the other station is already using the wireless medium. When these two stations send data at the same time, they might collide when arriving simultaneously at the Access Point. The collision will most certainly result in a loss of messages for both stations.</p> <p>Thus, the RTS Threshold mechanism provides a solution to prevent data collisions. When you enable RTS Threshold on a suspect <b>hidden station</b>, this station and its Access Point will use a Request to Send (RTS). The station will send an RTS to the Access Point, informing that it is going to transmit the data. Upon receipt, the Access Point will respond with a CTS message to all station within its range to notify all other stations to defer transmission. It will also confirm the requestor station that the Access Point has reserved it for the time-frame of the requested transmission.</p> <p>If the <b>Hidden Node</b> problem is an issue, please specify the packet size. The RTS mechanism will be activated if the data size exceeds the value you set.. The default value is <b>2347</b>.</p> <p><b>Warning:</b> Enabling RTS Threshold will cause redundant network overhead that could negatively affect the throughput performance instead of</p>

	<p>providing a remedy.</p> <p>This value should remain at its default setting of <b>2347</b>. Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications of this value are recommended.</p>
<b>Beacon Interval</b>	Beacon Interval is the amount of time between beacon transmissions. Before a station enters power save mode, the station needs the beacon interval to know when to wake up to receive the beacon (and learn whether there are buffered frames at the access point).
<b>Data Rate</b>	By default, the unit adaptively selects the highest possible rate for transmission. Select the basic rates to be used among the following options: Auto, 1, 2, 5.5, 11 or 54 Mbps. For most networks the default setting is <b>Auto</b> which is the best choice. When <b>Auto</b> is enabled the transmission rate will select the optimal rate. If obstacles or interference are present, the system will automatically fall back to a lower rate.
<b>Preamble Type</b>	A preamble is a signal used in wireless environment to synchronize the transmitting timing including Synchronization and Start frame delimiter. In a "noisy" network environment, the Preamble Type should be set to <b>Long Preamble</b> . The <b>Short Preamble</b> is intended for applications where minimum overhead and maximum performance is desired. If in a "noisy" network environment, the performance will be decreased.
<b>Broadcast SSID</b>	Select <b>enabled</b> to allow all the wireless stations to detect the SSID of this Access Point.
<b>IAPP</b>	IAPP (Inter Access Point Protocol) is designed for the enforcement of unique association throughout a ESS (Extended Service Set) and a secure exchange of station's security context between current access point (AP) and new AP during handoff period.
<b>802.11g Protection</b>	The 802.11g standard includes a protection mechanism to ensure mixed 802.11b and 802.11g operation. If there is no such kind of mechanism exists, the two kinds of standards may mutually interfere and decrease network's performance.

<b>Apply Change</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.

### 4.4.3 Security

Here you can configure the security of your wireless network. Selecting different method will enable you to have different level of security. Please note that by using any encryption, by which data packet is encrypted before transmission to prevent data packets from being eavesdropped by unrelated people, there may be a significant degradation of the data throughput on the wireless link.

(1) **Encryption** : **None** (Encryption is set to **None** by default.)

If **Use 802.1x Authentication** is selected, the RADIUS Server will proceed to check the 802.1x Authentication.

#### Wireless Security Setup

**Encryption:**

**Use 802.1x Authentication**     WEP 64bits     WEP 128bits

**WPA Authentication Mode:**     Enterprise (RADIUS)     Personal (Pre-Shared Key)

**WPA Cipher Suite:**     TKIP     AES

**Pre-Shared Key Format:**

**Pre-Shared Key:**

**Group Key Life Time:**  sec

**Enable Pre-Authentication**

**Authentication RADIUS Server:** Port  IP address  Password

(2) **Encryption:** **WEP**

If **WEP** is selected, users will have to **Set WEP keys** either manually, or select to **Use 802.1x Authentication** to make the RADIUS server to issue the WEP key dynamically.

### Wireless WEP Key Setup

This page allows you setup the WEP key value. You could choose use 64-bit or 128-bit as the encryption key, and select ASCII or Hex as the format of input value.

---

**Key Length:**

**Key Format:**

**Default Tx Key:**

**Encryption Key 1:**

**Encryption Key 2:**

**Encryption Key 3:**

**Encryption Key 4:**

<b>Set WEP key</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Click the <b>Set WEP Keys</b> will prompt you a window to set <b>64bit</b> or <b>128bit</b> Encryption.</li> <li>➤ Select <b>HEX</b> if you are using hexadecimal numbers (<b>0-9, or A-F</b>). Select <b>ASCII</b> if you are using ASCII characters (<b>case-sensitive</b>).</li> <li>➤ <b>Ten hexadecimal digits</b> or <b>five ASCII characters</b> are needed if <b>64-bit WEP</b> is used; <b>26 hexadecimal digits</b> or <b>13 ASCII characters</b> are needed if <b>128-bit WEP</b> is used.</li> </ul>
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### (3) Encryption: **WPA (TKIP)**

**WPA (TKIP):** If WPA is selected, users will have to select the Authentication modes between **Enterprise (RADIUS)** and **Personal (Pre-shared Key)**.

**WPA Authentication Mode:**  Enterprise (RADIUS)  Personal (Pre-Shared Key)

**WPA Cipher Suite:**  TKIP  AES

**Pre-Shared Key Format:**

**Pre-Shared Key:**

**Group Key Life Time:**  sec

<b>Pre-shared Key</b>	Pre-Shared-Key serves as a password. Users may key in a 1 to 63 characters string to set the password or leave it blank, in which the 802.1x Authentication will be activated. Make sure the same password is used on
-----------------------	---

	<p>client's end.</p> <p>There are two formats for choice to set the Pre-shared key, i.e. <b>Passphrase</b> and <b>Hex</b>. If <b>Hex</b> is selected, users will have to enter a 64 characters string. For easier configuration, the <b>Passphrase</b> (at least 8 characters) format is recommended.</p>
<b>Group Key Life Time</b>	Enter the number of seconds that will elapse before the group key change automatically. The default is 86400 seconds.
<b>Enable Pre-Authentication</b>	<p>The two most important features beyond WPA to become standardized through 802.11i/WPA2 are: pre-authentication, which enables secure fast roaming without noticeable signal latency.</p> <p>Pre-authentication provides a way to establish a PMK security association before a client associates. The advantage is that the client reduces the time that it's disconnected to the network.</p>
<b>Authentication RADIUS Server</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ <b>Port:</b> Enter the RADIUS Server's port number provided by your ISP. The default is <b>1812</b>.</li> <li>➤ <b>IP Address:</b> Enter the RADIUS Server's IP Address provided by your ISP.</li> <li>➤ <b>Password:</b> Enter the password that the AP shares with the RADIUS Server.</li> </ul>
<b>Apply Change</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.

#### 4.4.4 Access Control

When **Enable Wireless Access Control** is checked, only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses listed in the access control list can access this Access Point. If the list contains no entries with this function being enabled, then no clients will be able to access this Access Point.

## Wireless Access Control

---

**Wireless Access Control Mode:**

**MAC Address:**  **Comment:**

**Current Access Control List:**

MAC Address	Comment	Select

<b>Wireless Access Control Mode</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Select the Access Control Mode from the pull-down menu.</li> <li>➤ <b>Disable:</b> Select to disable Wireless Access Control Mode.</li> <li>➤ <b>Allow Listed:</b> Only the stations shown in the table can associate with the AP.</li> <li>➤ <b>Deny Listed:</b> Stations shown in the table won't be able to associate with the AP.</li> </ul>
<b>MAC Address</b>	Enter the MAC Address of a station that is allowed to access this Access Point.
<b>Comment</b>	You may enter up to 20 characters as a remark to the previous MAC Address.
<b>Apply Changes</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.
<b>Delete Selected</b>	To delete clients from access to this Access Point, you may firstly check the <b>Select</b> checkbox next to the MAC address and Comments, and press <b>Delete Selected</b> .
<b>Delete All</b>	To delete all the clients from access to this Access Point, just press <b>Delete All</b> without selecting the checkbox.
<b>Reset</b>	If you have made any selection, press <b>Reset</b> will clear all the select mark.



## 4.4.5 Site Survey

Site survey displays all the active Access Points and IBSS in the neighborhood. When you are in the client mode, you can select one AP to associate. Press **Refresh** to get the latest information.

### Wireless Site Survey

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SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal
------	-------	---------	------	---------	--------

## 4.4.6 WDS Setting

To enable WDS function will let this AP enter **Bridge Mode**. Two APs in bridge modes can communicate with each other through wireless interface. That is, two stations associated to different AP in bridge mode can communicate with each other.

### WDS Settings

---

**Enable WDS**

Add WDS AP:    MAC Address     Comment

**Current WDS AP List:**

MAC Address	Comment	Select
-------------	---------	--------

<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Enable WDS</b>	Check the checkbox to enable WDS, all of the WDS settings in this screen can be enabled only when WDS or AP+WDS is selected in Wireless Basic Settings screen.
<b>Add WDS AP</b>	<b>MAC Address:</b> Enter the MAC Address for the Access Point to establish WDS. <b>Comment:</b> You may enter up to 20 characters as a remark

	to the previous MAC Address.										
<b>Apply Changes</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.										
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.										
<b>Set Security</b>	<p>Click to set the WDS security, please refer to the previous Wireless Security Setup section.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 10px;"> <p><b>WDS Security Setup</b></p> <p>This page allows you setup the wireless security for WDS. When enabled, you must make sure each WDS device has adopted the same encryption algorithm and Key.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Encryption:</b> <input type="text" value="WEP 128bits"/></p> <p><b>WEP Key Format:</b> <input type="text" value="Ascii (13 characters)"/></p> <p><b>WEP Key:</b> <input type="text" value="XXXXXXXXXXXXX"/></p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key Format:</b> <input type="text" value="Passphrase"/></p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key:</b> <input type="text"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Apply Changes"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/> </p> </div>										
<b>Show Statistics</b>	<p>Click to show the detailed information for each WDS AP.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 10px;"> <p><b>WDS AP Table</b></p> <p>This table shows the MAC address, transmission, reception packet counters for each configured WDS AP.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">MAC Address</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Tx Packets</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Tx Errors</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Rx Packets</th> <th style="background-color: #cccccc;">Tx Rate (Mbps)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="5" style="text-align: left; padding-left: 5px;"> <input type="button" value="Refresh"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>	MAC Address	Tx Packets	Tx Errors	Rx Packets	Tx Rate (Mbps)	<input type="button" value="Refresh"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/>				
MAC Address	Tx Packets	Tx Errors	Rx Packets	Tx Rate (Mbps)							
<input type="button" value="Refresh"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/>											
<b>Current WDS AP List</b>	The added Access Points for participating WDS with this Access Point are shown.										
<b>Delete Selected</b>	You can delete the WDS Access Points listed above by marking the checkbox.										
<b>Delete All</b>	You can delete all of the WDS Access Points listed above.										
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.										

# 4.5 TCP/IP

## 4.5.1 Basic

In this page, you can change the TCP/IP settings of this Access Point, select to enable/disable the DHCP Client, 802.1d Spanning Tree, and Clone MAC Address.

### LAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the setting for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc..

---

**IP Address:**

**Subnet Mask:**

**Default Gateway:**

**DHCP:**

**DHCP Client Range:**  -

**DNS Server:**

**802.1d Spanning Tree:**

**Clone MAC Address:**

<b>IP Address</b>	This field can be modified only when DHCP Client is disabled. If your system manager assigned you static IP settings, then you will have to enter the information provided.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Enter the information provided by your system manager.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	Enter the information provided by your system manager.
<b>DHCP</b>	Select <b>Disable</b> , <b>Client</b> or <b>Server</b> from the pull-down menu. <b>Disable:</b> Select to disable DHCP server function. <b>Client:</b> Select to automatically get the LAN port IP address from ISP (For ADSL/Cable Modem). <b>Server:</b> Select to enable DHCP server function.
<b>DHCP Client Range</b>	253 IP addresses continuing from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.254 without 192.168.1.100.
<b>Show Client</b>	Click to show Active DHCP Client table.

<b>DNS Server</b>	Enter the Domain Name Service IP address.
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<b>802.1d Spanning Tree</b>	<p>To enable 802.1d Spanning Tree will prevent the network from infinite loops. Infinite loop will happen in the network when WDS is enabled and there are multiple active paths between stations.–</p> <p>The diagram shows two overlapping wireless networks in bridge mode. The top network contains a wireless router, Station 2 (a desktop PC), and Computer 2. The bottom network contains a wireless router, Station 1 (a laptop), and Computer 1. A pink dashed rectangle highlights a loop formed by the connections between the two wireless networks and the computers. Blue text in both networks states '802.1d Spanning Tree must be enabled.'</p>
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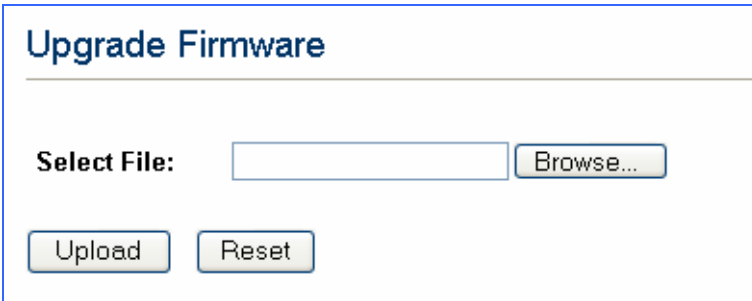
<b>Clone MAC Address</b>	You can specify the MAC address of your Access Point to replace the factory setting.
--------------------------	--

<b>Apply Change</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.
---------------------	---

<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.
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## 4.6 Other

### 4.6.1 Upgrade Firmware



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Upgrade Firmware". Below the title is a horizontal line. Underneath, there is a "Select File:" label followed by a text input field and a "Browse..." button. Below these are two buttons: "Upload" and "Reset".

1. Download the latest firmware from your distributor and save the file on the hard drive.
2. Start the browser, open the configuration page, click on **Other**, and click **Upgrade Firmware** to enter the **Upgrade Firmware** window. Enter the new firmware's path and file name (i.e. C:\FIRMWARE\firmware.bin). Or, click the **Browse** button, find and open the firmware file (the browser will display to correct file path).
3. Click **Reset** to clear all the settings on this page. Or click **Upload** to start the upgrade.

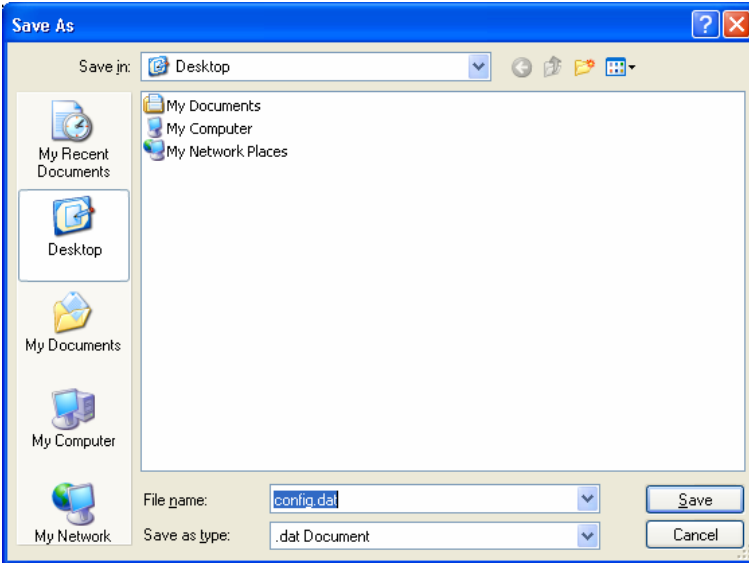
### 4.6.2 Save/Reload Settings



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Save/Reload Settings". Below the title is a horizontal line. Underneath, there are three rows of controls: "Save Settings to File:" with a "Save..." button; "Load Settings from File:" with a text input field, a "Browse..." button, and an "Upload" button; and "Reset Settings to Default:" with a "Reset" button.

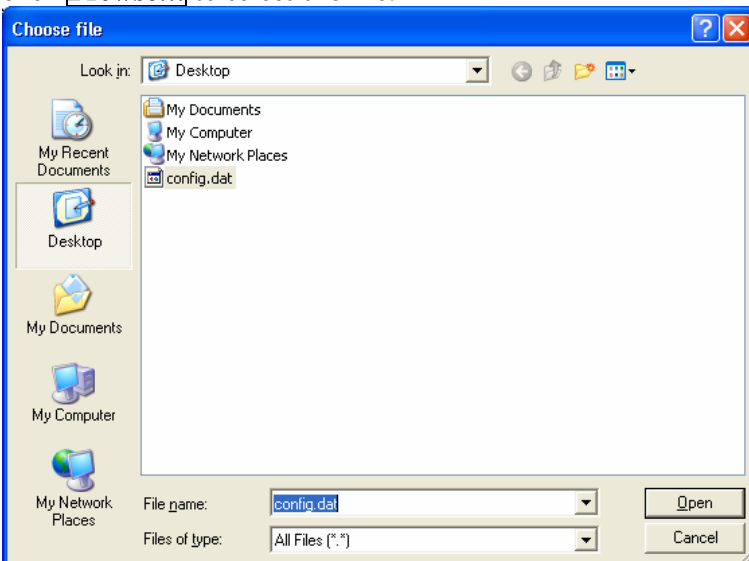
This function enables users to save the current configurations as a file (i.e. **config.dat**) To load configuration from a file, enter the file name or click **Browse...** to find the file from your computer.

- (1) **Save Settings to File:** Click **SAVE..** to save the current configuration to file.



When prompted the upper left screen, select **Save this file to disk**, and the upper right screen will prompt you a dialog box to enter the file name and the file location.

**(2) Load Settings From File:** Click **Browse...** if you want to load a pre-saved file, enter the file name with the correct path and then click on **Upload**. Or click **Browse...** to select the file.



**Reset:** Click to restore the default configuration.

### 4.6.3 Password

For secure reason, it is recommended that you set the account to access the web server of this Access Point. Leaving the user name and password blank will disable the protection. The login screen prompts immediately once you finish setting the account and password. Remember your user name and password for you will be asked to enter them every time you access the web server of this Access Point.



**Password Setup**

**New Password:**

**Confirmed Password:**

<b>New Password</b>	Set your new password. Password can be up to 30 characters long. Password can contain letter, number and space. It is case sensitive.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Re-enter the new password for confirmation.
<b>Apply Change</b>	Press to save the new settings on the screen.
<b>Reset</b>	Press to discard the data you have entered since last time you press Apply Change.

## 4.6.4 System Log

This page display log events with time when events happened, log events' types, log sources and the description for events themselves. System manager can use the system log to trace when problems occur.

### System Log

This page can be used to set remote log server and show the system log.

**Enable Log**

**System all**       **Wireless only**



# Chapter 5 Specifications

<b>Standards</b>	IEEE 802.11b, Wi-Fi compliant/IEEE 802.11g standard
<b>Ports</b>	Two 10/100Mbps Ethernet LAN ports
<b>Data Rates</b>	802.11b(11 Mbps, 5.5 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 1 Mbps) 802.11g(54 Mbps, 48 Mbps, 36 Mbps, 24 Mbps, 18 Mbps, 12 Mbps, 9 Mbps, 6 Mbps)
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.412GHz-2.4835GHz
<b>Modulation Technology</b>	802.11b: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (PBCC, CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) 802.11g: Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
<b>External Antenna Type</b>	2.0dBi 1/4λdipole antenna with reverse SMA connector
<b>LED indicators</b>	Power Green for power on Status Red for error Link/Act. Green (flashing for activity) WEP/WPA Orange MAC Ctrl Orange Bridge Orange LAN1 Green (flashing for activity) LAN2 Green (flashing for activity)
<b>Device Management</b>	Web-based configuration and management
<b>Power Input</b>	DC 12V, 800mA
<b>Physical Dimension</b>	134 x 90 x 30 mm (W x D x H)
<b>Weight</b>	160g
<b>Agency and Regulatory</b>	CE, FCC
<b>Operating Temperature</b>	0°C to 40°C
<b>Operating Humidity</b>	20~85% non-condensing

# Chapter 6 Safety Statements



## (1) FCC certification

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### **CAUTION:**

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## (2) FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20cm between the radiator and your body.

## (3) CE Mark Warning

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

All trademarks and brand names are the property of their respective proprietors.

Specifications are subject to change without prior notification.